

# Bridges

A new planet full of rivers was discovered and is being prepared for colonization. We want to connect every piece of land by bridges, the cost of building a bridge is its width.

## Input

The first number in the input file is  $T < 200$ , the number of test cases. Each test case starts with a line with an integer,  $N \leq 500$ , the number of rivers.  $N$  lines are followed with 5 integers each,  $D_i1$ ,  $F_i1$ ,  $D_i2$ ,  $F_i2$  and  $W_i \leq 1000000$ , the coordinates of the extremities and the width of the  $i$ -th river. Every  $D$  is between  $-90$  and  $90$ , and every  $F$  is between  $0$  and  $359$ , they are measured in degrees and correspond to the spherical coordinates (latitude and longitude respectively). The two extremities of a river can be seen from above in a distance less than infinite, a course of a river is always the smallest possible and two rivers intersect in at most 1 point.

## Output

For each test case print a single line with "Case #X: C" where  $X$  is the number of the test case (starting from 1) and  $C$  is the minimum cost to build the bridges so the islands and continents are connected directly or indirectly to each other.

## Example

### Input:

```
3
4
0 0 90 0 4
90 0 0 179 2
0 0 -90 0 1
-90 0 0 179 1
6
0 0 10 90 3
0 0 -20 90 3
0 179 10 90 5
0 179 -20 90 1
0 0 0 179 10
-20 90 20 90 1
1
0 2 0 3 1
```

### Output:

```
Case #1: 1
Case #2: 6
Case #3: 0
```