

K12 - Building Construction

Given N buildings of height $h_1, h_2, h_3 \dots h_n$, the objective is to make every building has equal height. This can be done by removing bricks from a building or adding some bricks to a building. Removing a brick or adding a brick is done at certain cost which will be given along with the heights of the buildings. Find the minimal cost at which you can make the buildings look beautiful by re-constructing the buildings such that the N buildings satisfy

$$h_1 = h_2 = h_3 = \dots = h_n = k \text{ (k can be any number).}$$

For convenience, all buildings are considered to be vertical piles of bricks, which are of same dimensions.

Input

The first line of input contains an integer T which denotes number of test cases. This will be followed by $3 * T$ lines, 3 lines per test case. The first line of each test case contains an integer n and the second line contains n integers which denotes the heights of the buildings $[h_1, h_2, h_3 \dots h_n]$ and the third line contains n integers $[c_1, c_2, c_3 \dots c_n]$ which denotes the cost of adding or removing one unit of brick from the corresponding building.

$$T \leq 15; n \leq 10000; 0 \leq H_i \leq 10000; 0 \leq C_i \leq 10000;$$

Output

The output must contain T lines each line corresponding to a testcase.

Example

Input:

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1
3
1 2 3
10 100 1000
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Output:

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120
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