# **Recursive Sequence**

Sequence  $(a_i)$  of natural numbers is defined as follows:

```
a_i = b_i (for i \le k)

a_i = c_1 a_{i-1} + c_2 a_{i-2} + ... + c_k a_{i-k} (for i > k)
```

where  $b_j$  and  $c_j$  are given natural numbers for 1 <= j <= k. Your task is to compute  $a_n$  for given n and output it modulo  $10^9$ .

# Input

On the first row there is the number C of test cases (equal to about 1000). Each test contains four lines:

```
k - number of elements of (c) and (b) (1 \le k \le 10)

b_1,...,b_k - k natural numbers where 0 \le b_j \le 10^9 separated by spaces c_1,...,c_k - k natural numbers where 0 \le c_j \le 10^9 separated by spaces n - natural number (1 \le n \le 10^9)
```

# **Output**

Exactly C lines, one for each test case:  $a_n$  modulo  $10^9$ 

# Example

#### Input:

### Output:

8 714 257599514