

# Zeros of the fundamental Fibonacci period

Perhaps the first thing one notices when the Fibonacci sequence is reduced mod  $p$  is that it seems periodic.

For example :

$F \pmod{2} = \underline{0} \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ \dots$

$F \pmod{3} = \underline{0} \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ \underline{0} \ 2 \ 2 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ \dots$

$F \pmod{5} = \underline{0} \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ \underline{0} \ 3 \ 3 \ 1 \ 4 \ \underline{0} \ 4 \ 4 \ 3 \ 2 \ \underline{0} \ 2 \ 2 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 2 \ 3 \ \dots$

We define  $Z(p)$  the number of zeros in fundamental period of Fibonacci numbers mod  $p$  (if it is periodic).

We just saw that  $Z(2) = 1$ ,  $Z(3) = 2$ , and  $Z(5) = 4$ .

## Input

The first line contains  $T$ , the number of test cases.

Each of the next  $T$  lines contains a prime number  $p$ .

## Output

For each test case, print  $Z(p)$ , or "Not periodic." without quotes if need.

## Example

**Input:**

3  
2  
3  
5

**Output:**

1  
2  
4

## Constraints

You have four input files. The first two ones are those of [Z124](#), the two others have higher constraints.

$1 < T < 10^4$

$1 < p < 10^{100}$ , a prime number

Time limit is 2 times my unoptimized PY3.4 code time.

**Good luck, and have fun ;-)**